FAMILY LAW (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2013-9

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SCHEDULE AMENDMENTS

BARBADOS

I assent PHILIP MARLOWE GREAVES Acting Governor-General 5th July, 2013.

2013-9

An Act to amend the Family Law Act, Cap. 214.

[Commencement: by Proclamation]

ENACTED by the Parliament of Barbados as follows:

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Family Law (Amendment) Act, 2013.

Amendment of section 2(1) of Cap. 214

- 2. Section 2(1) of the Family Law Act, Cap. 214, in this Act referred to as the principal Act, is amended
 - (a) by deleting the definition "marriage counsellor" and substituting the following:
- ""marriage counsellor" means
 - (a) an officer attached to the Family Services Division;
 - (b) a person authorised by an approved marriage counselling organisation to offer marriage counselling services on behalf of that organisation;
 - (c) a person approved in accordance with this Act to be a marriage counsellor;";
 - (b) in the definition of "matrimonial cause" by deleting paragraph (e) and substituting the following paragraph:
 - "(e) proceedings between the parties to a marriage with respect to the property of those parties, or either of them, being proceedings
 - (i) arising out of the marital relationship;
 - (ii) in relation to concurrent, pending or completed proceedings for principal relief between those parties; or
 - (iii) in relation to the dissolution or annulment of that marriage or the legal separation of the parties to that marriage, being a dissolution, annulment or legal separation effected in accordance with the law of another jurisdiction, where the dissolution, annulment or legal

separation of that jurisdiction is recognized as valid in Barbados under this Act;".

Insertion of new section 5A into Cap. 214

3. The principal Act is amended by inserting immediately before section 6 the following section:

"Interpretation

5A. For the purposes of this Part, reference to "appropriate Ministry" means the Ministry that is charged with the responsibility of providing social work services to families."

Insertion of new section 6A into Cap. 214

4. The principal Act is amended by inserting immediately after section 6 the following section:

"Marriage Counselling Advisory Committee

- **6A.**(1) There is hereby established a Marriage Counselling Advisory Committee, hereinafter referred to as the "Committee".
- (2) The Committee shall consist of the following members:
 - (a) the Registrar of the Supreme Court or the nominee of the Registrar;
 - (b) the Chief Welfare Officer or the nominee of the Chief Welfare Officer;
 - (c) the Director of the Child Care Board or the nominee of the Director;
 - (d) the Chief Probation Officer or the nominee of the Chief Probation Officer;
 - (e) a representative of the Paramedical Professions Council; and

- (f) such other persons as the Attorney-General may in his discretion appoint.
- (3) The Committee shall advise the Attorney-General on matters mentioned in sections 7 and 8 and any other matters that relate to marriage as the Attorney-General requires.
- (4) Where the Committee recommends to the Attorney-General not to approve an application made to him under sections 7 or 8 or to revoke an approval of a voluntary organisation, organisation or person as a marriage counselling organisation or marriage counsellor, as the case may be, in the exercise of his powers under section 7, the Committee shall
 - (a) notify the voluntary organisation, organisation or person concerned in writing of its recommendation; and
 - (b) invite that voluntary organisation, organisation or person to make representations in writing to the Committee within 30 days or such longer time as the Committee may allow, in respect of the notice.
- (5) Where the Committee receives representations in accordance with subsection (4), the Committee shall immediately forward a copy of the representations to the Attorney-General.
- (6) The Attorney-General shall take into account any representations that are made pursuant to subsection (4) before making a decision to which they relate.".

Amendment of sections 7, 8, 9 and 10 of Cap. 214

5. The principal Act is amended by deleting sections 7, 8, 9 and 10 and substituting the following:

"Approval of marriage counselling organisations and marriage counsellors

- 7.(1) Notwithstanding section 6, any
 - (a) voluntary organisation that desires to conduct marriage counselling;
 - (b) organisation that desires to conduct marriage counselling; or
 - (c) person who desires to conduct marriage counselling,

shall apply to the Attorney-General in writing to be registered as an approved marriage counselling organisation or marriage counsellor, as the case may be.

- (2) Qualifications in respect of marriage counselling of the voluntary organisation, organisation or person, as the case may be, shall be forwarded with an application made under subsection (1).
- (3) The Attorney-General may, after consultation with the appropriate Ministry and the Committee,
 - (a) approve the registration of an organisation or a person as a marriage counselling organisation or a marriage counsellor, as the case may be;
 - (b) attach conditions to the approval; and
 - (c) vary or revoke such conditions accordingly.
- (4) The Attorney-General may, after consultation with the appropriate Ministry and the Committee,
 - (a) approve the registration of any voluntary organization as a marriage counselling organisation where he is satisfied that
 - (i) the organisation is willing and able to engage in marriage counselling; and
 - (ii) marriage counselling constitutes or will constitute the whole or a substantial part of its activities;

- (b) attach such conditions to the approval for the registration of the voluntary organisation under this section as he thinks fit; and
- (c) vary or revoke such conditions accordingly.

Applications to Attorney-General

- **8.**(1) Notwithstanding section 7, an organisation or a person who acted as a marriage counselling organisation or a marriage counsellor, as the case may be, prior to the commencement of this section shall within 6 months of the commencement of this section make an application to the Attorney-General in accordance with section 7.
- (2) An organisation or a person who contravenes this section is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$2000.

Grounds for revocation

- 9.(1) The Attorney-General may revoke the registration of an approved marriage counselling organisation or a marriage counsellor, as the case may be, where
 - (a) the marriage counselling organisation or marriage counsellor has not complied with any of the conditions attached to the grant of the approval;
 - (b) the appropriate Ministry or the Committee brings to the attention of the Attorney-General evidence that the marriage counselling organisation or marriage counsellor is not adequately carrying out marriage counselling;
 - (c) in respect of a voluntary organisation approved as a marriage counselling organisation, the voluntary organisation has not furnished a statement or report as required by section 10A.
- (2) Where the Attorney-General revokes an approval, the appropriate Ministry shall cause the revocation to be published in the *Official Gazette*.

List of approved marriage counselling organisations and marriage counsellors

- **10.**(1) The Attorney-General shall establish and maintain a list of approved marriage counselling organisations and marriage counsellors.
- (2) The appropriate Ministry shall cause a list of approved marriage counselling organisations and marriage counsellors to be published in thofficial Gazette.
- (3) A voluntary organisation, an organisation or a person shall not act as a marriage counselling organisation or a marriage counsellor, as the case may be, unless the name of the voluntary organisation, organisation or the person appears on the list established under this section.
- (4) A voluntary organisation, an organisation or a person who contravenes subsection (3) is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$2000.

Financial aid

- **10A.**(1) The Attorney-General may, upon such conditions as he thinks fit, grant to a voluntary organisation that he approves as a marriage counselling organisation such financial assistance as he may determine out of moneys voted for the purpose by Parliament.
- (2) The voluntary organisation shall, not later than 31 st December in each calendar year, furnish to the Attorney-General
 - (a) an audited financial statement in respect of any financial assistance granted under this section; and
 - (b) a report on its marriage counselling activities, including information as to the number of cases dealt with by the organisation during the year.
- (3) Where the Attorney-General is satisfied that it would be impracticable for the voluntary organisation to comply with the requirements of subsection (2), or

that the application of the requirements would be unduly onerous to the voluntary organisation, he may in writing, exempt the voluntary organisation, wholly or in part, from the requirements.".

Insertion of new section 11A into Cap. 214

6. The principal Act is amended by inserting the following section immediately after section 11:

"Counselling of parties to a marriage

- 11A.(1) A party to a marriage who desires a dissolution of that marriage shall first seek counselling from a marriage counsellor or an approved marriage counselling organisation before making an application for dissolution of marriage.
- (2) This section shall apply to a party to marriage who seeks a dissolution of that marriage on or after the commencement of this section.".

Amendment of section 12 of Cap. 214

- 7. Section 12 of the principal Act is amended
 - (a) in subsection (1), by inserting at the beginning of that subsection the words "Notwithstanding section 11A,"; and
 - (b) in subsection (7), by inserting immediately after the words "that counselling" appearing in that subsection, the words "or further counselling".

Amendment of section 13 of Cap. 214

8. The principal Act is amended by deleting section 13(1) and substituting the following:

- "(1) Where parties to a marriage are likely to become the subject of proceedings for a dissolution of marriage, every attorney-at-law representing a party shall
 - (a) take steps, that may, in the opinion of the attorney-at-law, assist in promoting reconciliation;
 - (b) ensure that the party for whom he is acting is aware of the facilities that exist for promoting reconciliation; and
 - (c) before commencing proceedings for the dissolution of the marriage, obtain a certificate from a
 - (i) marriage counselling organisation that is approved in accordance with this Act to conduct marriage counselling; or
 - (ii) marriage counsellor who is approved in accordance with this Act to conduct marriage counselling,

that certifies that the parties sought marriage counselling assistance in respect of reconciliation from that marriage counselling organisation or marriage counsellor, as the case may be.".

Amendment of section 39 of Cap. 214

- 9. Section 39 of the principal Act is amended by
 - (a) renumbering that section as subsection (1) of section 39;
 - (b) deleting the definition of "union other than marriage" or "union" "from subsection (1) as so renumbered and substituting the following:
- ""union other than a marriage" or "union" "means the relationship that subsists between a man and a woman who
 - (a) are not married to each other; and
 - (b) subject to subsections (2) and (3), have co-habited continuously for a period of 5 years or more, and have so co-habited within the period of 12 months immediately preceding the institution of the proceedings."; and

(c) adding the following subsections immediately after subsection (1) as so renumbered:

- "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of the definition of "union other than marriage" or "union", where parties to a union other than marriage or union have separated and had, prior to becoming separated, lived separately and apart on one occasion only, but had resumed cohabitation within the period of 6 months after the separately and apart on that one occasion, the time during which the parties had lived separately and apart on that one occasion shall be disregarded for the purpose of reckoning the continuous period of 5 years or more.
- (3) Upon an application of any party to proceedings between parties to a union other than marriage or a union, the court may extend the period of 12 months of such a union mentioned in subsection (1) by such longer period as the court thinks fit where the court is satisfied that a party to the proceedings or a child of the union will suffer hardship if the extension is not granted.".

Amendment of section 42 of Cap. 214

- 10. Section 42 of the principal Act is amended by
 - (a) deleting subsection (1) and substituting the following subsection:
- "(1) A decree nisi of dissolution of marriage does not become absolute unless the court by order declares that it is satisfied
 - (a) that either
 - (i) there are no children of the marriage who have not attained the age of 18 years; or
 - (ii) the only children of the marriage who have not attained the age of 18 years are the children specified in the order and, subject to subsection (3), proper arrangements, including counselling by a psychologist or any other specialist that the court deems necessary, in all the circumstances have been made for the welfare of those children; and

- (b) subject to subsection (3), that any matter raised for determination by the court under section 56 or 57 has been fully disposed of."; and
- (b) adding the following subsection as subsection (3):
- "(3) The court may determine in any particular case that there are circumstances by reason of which the *decree nisi* should become absolute notwithstanding that the court is not satisfied that arrangements described in paragraph (a)(ii) of subsection (1) have been made or that matters described in paragraph (b) of that subsection have been fully disposed of; and in such a case the provisions that relate to those arrangements or matters shall not have effect."

Amendment of section 54 of Cap. 214

- 11. Section 54 of the principal Act is amended by inserting immediately after subsection (3) the following subsection:
- "(4) In taking into account the needs of a child pursuant to section 53 and the preceding provisions of this section, the court, to the extent to which it considers it appropriate in the circumstances of the case.
 - (a) shall have regard to any relevant principles adopted in any conventions or other international instruments to which Barbados has adopted; and
- (b) may have regard to any relevant findings of published research, in relation to the maintenance of children.".

Insertion of new section 55A into Cap. 214

12. The principal Act is amended by inserting the following section immediately after section 55:

"Register of maintenance orders for spouses

55A.(1) The court shall establish a register to record orders for maintenance that it grants to persons.

- (2) Where the court makes an order for maintenance in respect of a party to a marriage or union, the court shall direct the
 - (a) clerk of the court to
 - (i) enter the order into the register;
 - (ii) include in the register the names of the parties to the marriage or union, as the case may be;
 - (iii) where applicable, register the collection of the maintenance on behalf of the party to receive the maintenance; and
 - (b) party that is ordered by the court to pay the maintenance, to provide his name and address to the clerk of the court for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of paragraph (a).
- (3) Where a party referred to in subsection (2) changes his name or address, that party shall provide the change to the clerk of the court as soon as possible thereafter and the clerk shall effect that change in the register.
- (4) Where the party fails to comply with paragraph (b) of subsection (2) or subsection (3), that person is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of \$1000 or to imprisonment for 6 months or to both.
- (5) The content of the register shall be confidential.
- (6) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a party referred to in that subsection may express to the court that party's unwillingness to have the court collect the maintenance on the party's behalf.
- (7) Section 23 of the *Maintenance Act*, Cap. 216 applies in respect of the receipt and enforcement of payments ordered by the court under this section.".

Amendment of section 57 of Cap. 214

- 13. Section 57 of the principal Act is amended by
 - (a) inserting immediately after subsection (1) the following subsections:

- "(1A) Where before proceedings with respect to the property of the parties to a marriage or union are completed either party to the proceedings dies, the proceedings may be continued by, or, against, as the case may be, the personal representative of the deceased party.
- (1B) Where before proceedings with respect to the property of the parties to a marriage or union are completed either party to the proceedings dies and the court is of the opinion that it
 - (a) would have made an order with respect to property if the deceased party had not died; and
- (b) is still appropriate to make an order with respect to property, the court may make such order as it considers appropriate with respect to any of the property of the parties to the marriage or union, as the case may be.
- (1C) An order made by the court under subsection (1) or (1B) may be enforced on behalf of, or, against, as the case may be, the estate of the deceased party.
- (1D) In exercising its powers under this section, the court shall have regard to the interest of and shall make an appropriate order for the protection of any purchaser in good faith or any other interested person in the property.";
 - (b) deleting paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and substituting the following:
 - "(b) the contribution made directly or indirectly by a party to the marriage or the union, including any contribution made in the capacity of homemaker or parent, to the welfare of the family which constitutes
 - (i) the parties to the marriage or union, as the case may be; and
 - (ii) where applicable, any child of that marriage or union; ";
 - (c) inserting immediately after subsection (3) the following subsection:

"(4) Where

- (a) proceedings under this section commenced before the date of commencement of subsections (1A), (1B), (1C) and (1D); and
- (b) either party to the proceedings died and the proceedings had not been completed before that party's death,

subsections (1A), (1B), (1C) and (1D) shall have effect with such modifications or adaptations as may be necessary in relation to those proceedings.".

Amendment of section 59 of Cap. 214

- 14. Section 59 of the principal Act is amended by
 - (a) renumbering that section as subsection (1);
 - (b) inserting immediately after paragraph (h) of subsection (1) as so renumbered, the following paragraph:
 - "(ha) order that a specified transfer or settlement of property be made by way of maintenance for a child;"; and
 - (c) adding the following subsection as subsection (2):
- "(2) The making of an order under paragraph (ha) of subsection (1) or of any other order under this Part in relation to the maintenance of a child does not prevent a court from making a subsequent order in relation to the maintenance of that child."

Amendment of section 87 of Cap. 214

- 15. Section 87 of the principal Act is amended by deleting paragraph (c) and substituting the following paragraph:
 - "(c) the enforcement of the payment of maintenance, whether or not in arrears, by the attachment of earnings or otherwise;".

Amendment of section 91 of Cap. 214

- 16. Section 91 of the principal Act is amended by deleting subsections (4) and (5) and substituting the following subsections:
- "(4) A person who knowingly and without reasonable cause contravenes or fails to comply with an injunction or order under this section is liable
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine of \$20 000 or to imprisonment for 5 years or to both; or
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine of \$10 000 or to imprisonment for 12 months or to both.
- (5) Where a person is convicted of an offence under subsection (4), the court may, in addition to or instead of imposing a sentence mentioned in that subsection, exercise any of the following powers in relation to the convicted person:
 - (a) require him to enter a recognizance, with or without sureties, in such reasonable amount as the court thinks fit, that he will comply with the injunction or order, or order him to be imprisoned until he enters into such a recognizance or until the expiration of 3 months, whichever first occurs;
 - (b) order him to deliver up to the court such documents as the court thinks fit:
 - (c) make such orders as the court considers necessary to enforce compliance with the injunction or order.
- (6) The powers conferred by subsections (4) and (5) are in addition to the power of the court to punish for contempt of court.".

Insertion of new section 91A in Cap. 214

17. The principal Act is amended by inserting the following section immediately after section 91:

"Power of arrest

- 91A.(1) Subject to section 91, where the court makes an order or grants an injunction for the personal protection of a party to a marriage or union or for the personal protection of a child of the marriage or union, the court, as it thinks proper, may attach a power of arrest to the order or the injunction.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), no power of arrest shall be attached to an order or an injunction for personal protection unless the person against whom the order is made is given notice that such a power shall be attached to the order or injunction.
- (3) Where a power of arrest is attached to an order or an injunction, a member of the Police Force may arrest, without a warrant, a person who he has reasonable cause for suspecting of being in breach of the order or injunction for personal protection.
- (4) Where a member of the Police Force arrests a person in accordance with subsection (3), the person shall
 - (a) be brought before the court within the period of 24 hours beginning at the time of his arrest, or, as soon as is reasonable practicable thereafter, and dealt with in accordance with the law;
 - (b) not be released within that period except on the direction of the court.
- (5) Notwithstanding this section, nothing in subsection (4) authorizes the detention of the person referred to in that subsection at any time after the expiry of the period stated in subsection (4).".

Amendment of S.I. 1982 No. 18

18. The Family Law Rules, 1982 (S.I. 1982 No. 18) are amended in the manner specified in the Schedule.

Commencement

19. This Act comes into operation on a date to be fixed by proclamation.

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS

(Section 18)

Amendments to the Family Law Rules, 1982, (S.I. 1982 No. 18)

Rule

Amendments

rule 101:

- (a) replace the full-stop at the end of sub-rule (5) with a semi-colon and add the following paragraph:
 - "(d) proceedings under the Debtors Act, Cap. 198.";
- (b) insert the following sub-rules immediately after sub-rule (10):
 - "(11) Where a court that
 - (a) is not a court of summary jurisdiction; and
 - (b) has jurisdiction to make an order referred to in paragraph (a) of sub-rule (1)

makes such an order, it may direct that the order shall be enforced by a court of summary jurisdiction specified in the direction.

(12) Where a direction is given in accordance with sub-rule (11), the court of summary jurisdiction

Schedule (Concl'd)

Rule

Amendments

rule 101 (Concl'd):

so specified in the direction shall have full power to enforce the order under these Rules as if the order had been made by that court of summary jurisdiction.";

after rule 104:

insert the following rule:

"Alternative procedure for seizure in certain cases.

104A. Notwithstanding rule 104 and rule 2.2 of Part 2 of the Supreme Court Rules, 2008 (S.I.2008 No. 66) a person or authority entitled under rule 101 to enforce a decree of a court under these Rules may exercise the rights conferred by Parts 46 and 54 of the Rules of the Supreme Court, 2008 on persons entitled to relief under those Parts; and those Parts shall apply accordingly, with such modifications or adaptations as may be necessary, in relation to the first-mentioned person or authority.".